

Technical Specifications



Intended Use

FoundationOne®CDx (FICDx) is a next generation sequencing based *in vitro* diagnostic device for detection of substitutions, insertion and deletion alterations (indels), and copy number alterations (CNAs) in 324 genes and select gene rearrangements, as well as genomic signatures including microsatellite instability (MSI) and tumor mutational burden (TMB) using DNA isolated from formalin-fixed paraffin embedded (FFPE) tumor tissue specimens. The test is intended as a companion diagnostic to identify patients who may benefit from treatment with the targeted therapies listed in Table 1 in accordance with the approved therapeutic product labeling. Additionally, FICDx is intended to provide tumor mutation profiling to be used by qualified health care professionals in accordance with professional guidelines in oncology for patients with solid malignant neoplasms. The FICDx assay is a single-site assay performed at Foundation Medicine, Inc.

Table 1: Companion diagnostic indications

INDICATIONS	BIOMARKER	FDA-APPROVED THERAPY*
Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC)	<i>EGFR</i> exon 19 deletions and <i>EGFR</i> exon 21 L858R alterations	Gilotrif® (afatinib), Iressa® (gefitinib), Tagrisso® (osimertinib) or Tarceva® (erlotinib)
	<i>EGFR</i> exon 20 T790M alterations	Tagrisso® (osimertinib)
	<i>ALK</i> rearrangements	Alecensa® (alectinib), Xalkori® (crizotinib), or Zykadia® (ceritinib)
	<i>BRAF</i> V600E	Tafinlar® (dabrafenib) in combination with Mekinist® (trametinib)
Melanoma	<i>BRAF</i> V600E	Tafinlar® (dabrafenib) or Zelboraf® (vemurafenib)
	<i>BRAF</i> V600E or V600K	Mekinist® (trametinib) or Cotellic® (cobimetinib), in combination with Zelboraf® (vemurafenib)
Breast Cancer	<i>ERBB2</i> (HER2) amplification	Herceptin® (trastuzumab), Kadcyla® (ado-trastuzumab-emtansine), or Perjeta® (pertuzumab)
Colorectal Cancer	<i>KRAS</i> wild-type (absence of mutations in codons 12 and 13)	Erbix® (cetuximab)
	<i>KRAS</i> wild-type (absence of mutations in exons 2, 3 and 4) and <i>NRAS</i> wild-type (absence of mutations in exons 2, 3 and 4)	Vectibix® (panitumumab)
Ovarian Cancer	<i>BRCA1/2</i> alterations	Lynparza® (olaparib) or Rubraca® (rucaparib)

The test is also used for detection of genomic loss of heterozygosity (LOH) from formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded (FFPE) ovarian tumor tissue. Positive homologous recombination deficiency (HRD) status (defined as tBRCA-positive and/or LOH high) in ovarian cancer patients is associated with improved progression-free survival (PFS) from Rubraca (rucaparib) maintenance therapy in accordance with the RUBRACA product label.

* Tarceva® is the registered trademark of OSI Pharmaceuticals, LLC. Zelboraf®, Herceptin®, Perjeta®, Kadcyla®, and Cotellic® are registered trademarks of Genentech, Inc. Gilotrif® is a registered trademark of Boehringer Ingelheim International GmbH. Iressa®, Lynparza®, and Tagrisso® are registered trademarks of the AstraZeneca group of companies. Xalkori® is a registered trademark of Pfizer Inc. Zykadia®, Tafinlar®, and Mekinist® are registered trademarks of Novartis AG Corporation Switzerland. Erbix® is a registered trademark of ImClone LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of Eli Lilly and Company. Alecensa® is a registered trademark of Chugai Seiyaku Kabushiki Kaisha. Vectibix® is a registered trademark of Immunex Corporation. Rubraca® is a registered trademark of Clovis Oncology, Inc.



Summary of Clinical Studies

Follow-on CDx claims were based on a non-inferiority statistical testing approach using the enrichment design presented in the paper by Li (2016).¹ All studies passed the acceptance criteria specific in each study protocol.

BIOMARKER	POSITIVE PERCENT AGREEMENT (PPA) [†]	NEGATIVE PERCENT AGREEMENT (NPA)	COMPARATOR METHOD*
<i>EGFR</i> Exon 19 Deletions and L858R	98.1% (106/108)	99.4% (153/154)	cobas® <i>EGFR</i> Mutation Test v2
<i>EGFR</i> T790M	98.9% (87/88)	86.1% (93/108)	cobas® <i>EGFR</i> Mutation Test v1 cobas® <i>EGFR</i> Mutation Test v2
<i>ALK</i> Rearrangements	92.9% (78/84)	100% (75/75)	Ventana <i>ALK</i> (D5F3) CDx Assay Vysis <i>ALK</i> Break-Apart FISH Probe Kit
<i>KRAS</i>	100% (173/173)	100% (154/154)	therascreen® <i>KRAS</i> RGQ PCR Kit
<i>ERBB2</i> (HER2) Amplifications	89.4% (101/113)	98.4% (180/183)	Dako HER2 FISH PharmDx® Kit
<i>BRAF</i> V600	99.4% (166/167)	89.6% (121/135)‡	cobas® <i>BRAF</i> V600 Mutation Test
<i>BRAF</i> V600E	99.3% (149/150)	99.2% (121/122)	
<i>BRAF</i> V600 dinucleotide [§]	96.3% (26/27)	100% (24/24)	THxID® <i>BRAF</i> kit

* Cobas® is a trademark of Roche Diagnostics Operations, Inc. Therascreen® is a trademark of Qiagen. PharmDx® is a registered trademark of Dako Denmark A/S. THxID® is a registered trademark of bioMérieux.

† The reference standard used to calculate PPA and NPA is defined as the consensus calls between the two comparator methods - PPA being when FoundationOne CDx and the comparator method(s) identified mutations in mutated patients and NPA being when FoundationOne CDx and the comparator method(s) did not identify mutations in non-mutated patients.

‡ Sensitivity of dinucleotide detection of *BRAF* V600K and V600E was found to be significantly reduced in cobas® test, in particular for samples in which FoundationOne CDx detected the dinucleotides to be of lower than 40% mutant allele frequency (MAF), leading to low NPA values.

§ A study using the THxID® *BRAF* kit (bioMérieux) was conducted with samples with *BRAF* V600 dinucleotide mutation detected by FICDx and *BRAF* V600 negative samples to provide a better evaluation of V600 dinucleotide concordance.

Current Gene List²

Genes with full coding exonic regions included in FoundationOne[®]CDx for the detection of substitutions, insertion-deletions (indels), and copy-number alterations (CNAs).

<i>ABL1</i>	<i>ACVR1B</i>	<i>AKT1</i>	<i>AKT2</i>	<i>AKT3</i>	<i>ALK</i>	<i>ALOX12B</i>	<i>AMER1 (FAM123B)</i>	<i>APC</i>
<i>AR</i>	<i>ARAF</i>	<i>ARFRP1</i>	<i>ARID1A</i>	<i>ASXL1</i>	<i>ATM</i>	<i>ATR</i>	<i>ATRAX</i>	<i>AURKA</i>
<i>AURKB</i>	<i>AXINI</i>	<i>AXL</i>	<i>BAP1</i>	<i>BARD1</i>	<i>BCL2</i>	<i>BCL2L1</i>	<i>BCL2L2</i>	<i>BCL6</i>
<i>BCOR</i>	<i>BCORL1</i>	<i>BRAF</i>	<i>BRCA1</i>	<i>BRCA2</i>	<i>BRD4</i>	<i>BRIP1</i>	<i>BTG1</i>	<i>BTG2</i>
<i>BTK</i>	<i>C11orf30 (EMSY)</i>	<i>CALR</i>	<i>CARD11</i>	<i>CASP8</i>	<i>CBFB</i>	<i>CBL</i>	<i>CCND1</i>	<i>CCND2</i>
<i>CCND3</i>	<i>CCNE1</i>	<i>CD22</i>	<i>CD274 (PD-L1)</i>	<i>CD70</i>	<i>CD79A</i>	<i>CD79B</i>	<i>CDC73</i>	<i>CDH1</i>
<i>CDK12</i>	<i>CDK4</i>	<i>CDK6</i>	<i>CDK8</i>	<i>CDKN1A</i>	<i>CDKN1B</i>	<i>CDKN2A</i>	<i>CDKN2B</i>	<i>CDKN2C</i>
<i>CEBPA</i>	<i>CHEK1</i>	<i>CHEK2</i>	<i>CIC</i>	<i>CREBBP</i>	<i>CRKL</i>	<i>CSF1R</i>	<i>CSF3R</i>	<i>CTCF</i>
<i>CTNNA1</i>	<i>CTNNB1</i>	<i>CUL3</i>	<i>CUL4A</i>	<i>CXCR4</i>	<i>CYP17A1</i>	<i>DAXX</i>	<i>DDR1</i>	<i>DDR2</i>
<i>DIS3</i>	<i>DNMT3A</i>	<i>DOT1L</i>	<i>EED</i>	<i>EGFR</i>	<i>EP300</i>	<i>EPHA3</i>	<i>EPHB1</i>	<i>EPHB4</i>
<i>ERBB2</i>	<i>ERBB3</i>	<i>ERBB4</i>	<i>ERCC4</i>	<i>ERG</i>	<i>ERRF1</i>	<i>ESR1</i>	<i>EZH2</i>	<i>FAM46C</i>
<i>FANCA</i>	<i>FANCC</i>	<i>FANCG</i>	<i>FANCL</i>	<i>FAS</i>	<i>FBXW7</i>	<i>FGF10</i>	<i>FGF12</i>	<i>FGF14</i>
<i>FGF19</i>	<i>FGF23</i>	<i>FGF3</i>	<i>FGF4</i>	<i>FGF6</i>	<i>FGFR1</i>	<i>FGFR2</i>	<i>FGFR3</i>	<i>FGFR4</i>
<i>FH</i>	<i>FLCN</i>	<i>FLT1</i>	<i>FLT3</i>	<i>FOXL2</i>	<i>FUBP1</i>	<i>GABRA6</i>	<i>GATA3</i>	<i>GATA4</i>
<i>GATA6</i>	<i>GID4 (C17orf39)</i>	<i>GNA11</i>	<i>GNA13</i>	<i>GNAQ</i>	<i>GNAS</i>	<i>GRM3</i>	<i>GSK3B</i>	<i>H3F3A</i>
<i>HDAC1</i>	<i>HGF</i>	<i>HNF1A</i>	<i>HRAS</i>	<i>HSD3B1</i>	<i>ID3</i>	<i>IDH1</i>	<i>IDH2</i>	<i>IGF1R</i>
<i>IKBKE</i>	<i>IKZF1</i>	<i>INPP4B</i>	<i>IRF2</i>	<i>IRF4</i>	<i>IRS2</i>	<i>JAK1</i>	<i>JAK2</i>	<i>JAK3</i>
<i>JUN</i>	<i>KDM5A</i>	<i>KDM5C</i>	<i>KDM6A</i>	<i>KDR</i>	<i>KEAP1</i>	<i>KEL</i>	<i>KIT</i>	<i>KLHL6</i>
<i>KMT2A (MLL)</i>	<i>KMT2D (MLL2)</i>	<i>KRAS</i>	<i>LTK</i>	<i>LYN</i>	<i>MAF</i>	<i>MAP2K1 (MEK1)</i>	<i>MAP2K2 (MEK2)</i>	<i>MAP2K4</i>
<i>MAP3K1</i>	<i>MAP3K13</i>	<i>MAPK1</i>	<i>MCL1</i>	<i>MDM2</i>	<i>MDM4</i>	<i>MED12</i>	<i>MEF2B</i>	<i>MEN1</i>
<i>MERTK</i>	<i>MET</i>	<i>MITF</i>	<i>MKNK1</i>	<i>MLH1</i>	<i>MPL</i>	<i>MRE11A</i>	<i>MSH2</i>	<i>MSH3</i>
<i>MSH6</i>	<i>MST1R</i>	<i>MTAP</i>	<i>MTOR</i>	<i>MUTYH</i>	<i>MYC</i>	<i>MYCL (MYCL1)</i>	<i>MYCN</i>	<i>MYD88</i>
<i>NBN</i>	<i>NF1</i>	<i>NF2</i>	<i>NFE2L2</i>	<i>NFKBIA</i>	<i>NKX2-1</i>	<i>NOTCH1</i>	<i>NOTCH2</i>	<i>NOTCH3</i>
<i>NPM1</i>	<i>NRAS</i>	<i>NTSC2</i>	<i>NTRK1</i>	<i>NTRK2</i>	<i>NTRK3</i>	<i>P2RY8</i>	<i>PALB2</i>	<i>PARK2</i>
<i>PARP1</i>	<i>PARP2</i>	<i>PARP3</i>	<i>PAX5</i>	<i>PBRM1</i>	<i>PDCD1 (PD-1)</i>	<i>PDCD1LG2 (PD-L2)</i>		<i>PDGFRA</i>
<i>PDGFRB</i>	<i>PDK1</i>	<i>PIK3C2B</i>	<i>PIK3C2G</i>	<i>PIK3CA</i>	<i>PIK3CB</i>	<i>PIK3R1</i>	<i>PIM1</i>	<i>PMS2</i>
<i>POLD1</i>	<i>POLE</i>	<i>PPARG</i>	<i>PPP2R1A</i>	<i>PPP2R2A</i>	<i>PRDM1</i>	<i>PRKARIA</i>	<i>PRKCI</i>	<i>PTCH1</i>
<i>PTEN</i>	<i>PTPN11</i>	<i>PTPRO</i>	<i>QKI</i>	<i>RAC1</i>	<i>RAD21</i>	<i>RAD51</i>	<i>RAD51B</i>	<i>RAD51C</i>
<i>RAD51D</i>	<i>RAD52</i>	<i>RAD54L</i>	<i>RAF1</i>	<i>RARA</i>	<i>RB1</i>	<i>RBM10</i>	<i>REL</i>	<i>RET</i>
<i>RICTOR</i>	<i>RNF43</i>	<i>ROS1</i>	<i>RPTOR</i>	<i>SDHA</i>	<i>SDHB</i>	<i>SDHC</i>	<i>SDHD</i>	<i>SETD2</i>
<i>SF3B1</i>	<i>SGK1</i>	<i>SMAD2</i>	<i>SMAD4</i>	<i>SMARCA4</i>	<i>SMARCB1</i>	<i>SMO</i>	<i>SNCAIP</i>	<i>SOCS1</i>
<i>SOX2</i>	<i>SOX9</i>	<i>SPEN</i>	<i>SPOP</i>	<i>SRC</i>	<i>STAG2</i>	<i>STAT3</i>	<i>STK11</i>	<i>SUFU</i>
<i>SYK</i>	<i>TBX3</i>	<i>TEK</i>	<i>TET2</i>	<i>TGFBR2</i>	<i>TIPARP</i>	<i>TNFAIP3</i>	<i>TNFRSF14</i>	<i>TP53</i>
<i>TSC1</i>	<i>TSC2</i>	<i>TYRO3</i>	<i>U2AF1</i>	<i>VEGFA</i>	<i>VHL</i>	<i>WHSC1 (MMSET)</i>	<i>WHSC1L1</i>	<i>WT1</i>
<i>XPO1</i>	<i>XRCC2</i>	<i>ZNF217</i>	<i>ZNF703</i>					

Select Rearrangements^{2,3}

Genes with select intronic regions for the detection of gene rearrangements, one gene with a promoter region and one non-coding RNA gene.

<i>ALK</i>	<i>BCL2</i>	<i>BCR</i>	<i>BRAF</i>	<i>BRCA1</i>	<i>BRCA2</i>	<i>CD74</i>	<i>EGFR</i>	<i>ETV4</i>
<i>ETV5</i>	<i>ETV6</i>	<i>EWSR1</i>	<i>EZR</i>	<i>FGFR1</i>	<i>FGFR2</i>	<i>FGFR3</i>	<i>KIT</i>	<i>KMT2A (MLL)</i>
<i>MSH2</i>	<i>MYB</i>	<i>MYC</i>	<i>NOTCH2</i>	<i>NTRK1</i>	<i>NTRK2</i>	<i>NUTM1</i>	<i>PDGFRA</i>	<i>RAF1</i>
<i>RARA</i>	<i>RET</i>	<i>ROS1</i>	<i>RSPO2</i>	<i>SDC4</i>	<i>SLC34A2</i>	<i>TERC*</i>	<i>TERT (promoter only)**</i>	
<i>TPRSS2</i>								

**TERC* is non-coding RNA gene.

***TERT* is gene with promoter region.

FoundationOne CDx is a next-generation sequencing based *in vitro* diagnostic device for detection of substitutions, insertion and deletion alterations, and copy number alterations in 324 genes and select gene rearrangements, as well as genomic signatures including microsatellite instability (MSI) and tumor mutational burden (TMB) using DNA isolated from formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded (FFPE) tumor tissue specimens. For the complete intended use statement, including companion diagnostic indications and warnings and limitations, please see the FoundationOne CDx Technical Information, www.foundationmedicine.com/flcdx.

Reference

- Li M. Statistical Methods for Clinical Validation of Follow-On Companion Diagnostic Devices via an External Concordance Study. *Statistics in Biopharmaceutical Research* 8, 355-363 (2016).
- Current as of December 12, 2017. Please visit www.foundationmedicine.com/flcdx for the most up-to-date gene list.
- Refer to our full label for listing of intronic regions at www.foundationmedicine.com/flcdx.

